

#### **INDICTMENT**

The Grand Jury Charges:

### **INTRODUCTION**

At all times material to this indictment:

#### Terms

1. Telecommunications was defined as the exchange of information over significant

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distances by electronic means, using telephones and the internet. "Telecom" or "Telco" were general terms for all companies providing telecommunication services.

- 2. Incumbent local exchange carriers (ILEC) were the traditional telecoms, such as AT&T, Verizon, Qwest, etc. An ILEC was defined by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) as the dominant carrier within a geographic area.
- 3. A competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) was a smaller telecom which offered local telecommunication services and competed with an ILEC. A CLEC was required to have a telephone switch, satisfy state regulations, pay significant filing fees and also make its services available to outside customers.
- 4. Smaller CLECs often used and paid a fee to use the lines established by ILECs and other larger CLECs.
- 5. The calling party could communicate with the receiving party through a voice transmission using telephones, a data transmission using modems, or a facsimile transmission using fax machines. The transmissions would occur over a network created by the ILECs and larger CLECs. The transfer from one line to another in the network occurred through digital switches. Digital switches worked by connecting two or more digital circuits together, corresponding to a dialed telephone number.
- 6. Voice over Internet (VoIP) was a general term for the technology facilitating the delivery of voice communications over networks such as the Internet or other packet-switched networks.

- 7. An LOA-CFA (Letter Of Authority and Customer Facility Assignment) typically referred to the document issued by a Telecom carrier to another carrier giving them permission to use a specified facility assignment for interconnection.
- 8. Bandwidth referred to how much data can be transmitted through a network or modem connection.
- 9. Instant messaging (IM) was a form of real-time communication over the internet between two or more people based on typed text.
- 10. A colocation provider was a company that rented computer rack space and bandwidth to other companies.
- 11. A remailer was a service that provided anonymity to the sender of an email or newsgroup post by acting as an intermediary between the sender and receiver.
- 12. A domain name was a logical, text-based equivalent of the numeric Internet Protocol (IP) address. An IP address was a unique, 32 bit numeric address used to identify computers on the Internet.
- 13. In or about May of 1997, the FCC adopted rules that mandated that telecoms pay into a federal program called the Universal Service Fund (USF). The telecoms were required by the FCC, to pay a percentage of their revenues for state-to-state and international services into the USF. The Universal Service Fee was the fee passed from the telecoms to their customers to satisfy this obligation.

#### Defendants and Related Entities

- 14. A+ American Discount Telephone LLC (ADT) was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about August 30, 2001, and maintained its business addresses in Waxahachie, Texas, and in Ovilla, Texas. ADT was owned by a person known to the Grand Jury and employed defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Christopher Wayne Sigler**.
- 15. Aesir Corporation (Aesir) was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about
  October 22, 2001. Defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner was its CEO and registered
  agent in Longview, Texas. Defendant Valerian James Stock was an officer. In or about
  May 2002, the registered agent changed to a person known to the Grand Jury in
  Longview, Texas. In or about August 2004, the registered agent changed back to
  Faulkner at 2323 Bryan Street #2190, Dallas, Texas. On or about December 6, 2004, a
  corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which
  changed the name of the corporation to Union Datacom Corporation (UDC). Faulkner
  was its president and registered agent at 2323 Bryan Street #2190, Dallas, Texas.
  A person known to the Grand Jury was its COO and Stock was its CFO. In or about
  May 2007, the registered agent was also changed to Stock on Park Lane in Dallas, Texas.
- 16. Aston Technology was incorporated in the State of Nevada on or about November 13, 2006. Defendants **Michael Blaine Faulkner** and **Marcus William Wentreek** were the applicants and Aston Technology was registered in Las Vegas, Nevada. **Faulkner**

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later applied for credit cards in the name of a person known to the Grand Jury and Aston Technology.

- 17. Clear Voice Calling and Clear VoIP Calling, also known as CVC CLEC, LLC (CVC) was an Arizona limited liability corporation created on or about November 4, 2008. CVC was registered in Texas on or about November 24, 2008. CVC maintained its business address at 2922 South Roosevelt Street, Tempe, Arizona. A person known to the Grand Jury was its Texas registered agent in Austin, Texas.
- 18. CommPartners, LLC was a Nevada limited liability corporation created on or about December 31, 2003. CommPartners was registered in Texas on or about July 20, 2004, and assumed the name CP Telco LLC. CT Corporation System was its registered agent at 350 North Saint Paul Street, Dallas, Texas.
- 19. Core IP Networks was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about April 5,
  2005. Defendant Matthew Norman Simpson was its manager and registered agent at
  8641 Glenturret Dr., Ovilla, Texas and P.O. Box 2116, Red Oak, Texas.
- 20. Cost Plus Communications was a Michigan limited liability corporation formed on March 16, 2005, and registered in Texas on or about May 30, 2006. Defendant Casimir
  A. Wojciechowski and a person known to the Grand Jury were its managers. A person known to the Grand Jury was its Texas registered agent in Austin, Texas.
- 21. Colo Exchange LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about October 11, 2004. Defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Arya Neal Behgooy**

were its managers and Simpson was its registered agent at P.O. Box 2116, Ovilla, Texas.

- 22. Crydon Technology Corporation was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about April 4, 2008. Defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Michael Blaine Faulkner** were its directors at 1950 Stemmons Fwy #2045, Dallas, Texas, and a person known to the Grand Jury was its registered agent.
- 23. Express Electronics Incorporated (EEI) was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about February 11, 2000. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** was EEI's president, director, and registered agent. EEI maintained addresses in Hallsville, Longview, and Keller, Texas. On or about February 25, 2008, the corporate name of EEI changed to Crydon Capital Corporation. **Faulkner** was its president and registered agent at 1950 N. Stemmons Fwy #2045, Dallas, Texas. A person known to the Grand Jury became its registered agent on or about May 13, 2008.
- 24. Express Telephone Services Inc. (ETS) was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about September 1999. A person known to the Grand Jury was its director and registered agent in Fort Worth, Texas. ETS did business as Express Telecommunications, PhonePayment.net, Quick Phone Communications, Phone Plus, and Voice One Communications.
- 25. IBFA Acquisition Company LLC (IBFA) was a Michigan limited liability corporation registered in Texas on or about February 22, 2005. Its managers were defendant **Casimir A. Wojciechowski** and a person known to the Grand Jury. Another

person known to the Grand Jury was its Texas registered agent in Austin, Texas. IBFA assumed the name Farm Bureau Connection (FBC) in or about August 2005.

- 26. Intelivox Incorporated was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about February 12, 2008, and maintained a business address in Southlake, Texas. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** was its director and registered agent at 1950 Stemmons Fwy #2045,

  Dallas, Texas. The registered agent was changed to a person known to the Grand Jury at 2816 Bedford Rd., Bedford, Texas on or about May 19, 2008.
- 27. Lone Star Power LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about August 2, 2005. Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** was its manager and registered agent at P.O. Box 2116, Ovilla, Texas. On or about May 30, 2008, the registered agent was changed to a person known to the Grand Jury at 2816 Bedford Road, Bedford, Texas. On or about June 24, 2008, a corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which removed **Simpson**, and named defendant **Eric Byron Littlejohn II** as the manager.
- November 30, 2007. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** was its president, director, and registered agent at 1950 Stemmons Fwy #2045, Dallas, Texas. In or about June 2008, the registered agent was changed to a person known to the Grand Jury. On or about November 20, 2008, the registered agent was changed to another person known to the Grand Jury on Empire Central in Dallas, Texas. On or about December 2, 2007, a

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certificate of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which added other persons known to the Grand Jury as secretary and director. On or about December 15, 2008, the corporation assumed the name of Neotech Communications. On or about December 18, 2008, a certificate of correction was filed which removed **Faulkner** as its director.

- 29. NTS Consulting, Inc. (NTS) was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about August 17, 2001. Defendant **Nathan Todd Shafer** was its director and registered agent in Irving, Texas. NTS changed its name to Incavox, Inc. on or about November 20, 2008. Persons known to the Grand Jury were named as its registered agent on Northwest Hwy in Dallas, Texas, and its secretary and director.
- 30. Pat Ward Management Corporation was incorporated in the State of Texas on or about December 9, 2008. A person known to the Grand Jury was its president, director, and registered agent on Empire Central in Dallas, Texas. Other persons known to the Grand Jury were named as directors.
- 31. Premier IP, LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about August 9, 2006. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** was its manager and registered agent at 2020 Live Oak #400, Dallas, Texas. On or about July 5, 2007, the registered agent was changed to defendant **Valerian James Stock** on Park Lane in Dallas, Texas. **Stock** was also named as the president of the corporation.

- 32. Premier VoIP Incorporated was incorporated as a limited liability corporation in the State of Texas on or about December 7, 2006. Defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and Marcus William Wentreek were directors and Faulkner was its registered agent at 2020 Live Oak #400, Dallas, Texas. On or about May 3, 2007, the registered agents's address was changed to 1950 Stemmons Fwy #2045, Dallas, Texas. On or about May 1, 2008, the registered agent was changed to a person known to the Grand Jury at 2816 Bedford Road, Bedford, Texas. On or about December 18, 2008, a corporate certificate of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which removed Faulkner and Wentreek as directors, and named a person known to the Grand Jury as director. On or about March 4, 2009, a corporate certificate of amendment was filed which changed the corporate name to Neuvox Incorporated on Empire Central in Dallas, Texas.
- 33. SC Telephone, LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about August 27, 2003. Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** was its manager and registered agent in Red Oak, Texas, and at P.O. Box 2116, Ovilla, Texas. On or about December 15, 2008, a corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which named persons known to the Grand Jury as the registered agent at 8500 Stemmons Fwy #4015-G, Dallas, Texas; the secretary; and the vice president.
- 34. SC TXLink, LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about November 21, 2003. Defendant **Christopher Wayne Sigler** was its registered agent in Waxahachie, Texas. Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** and a person known to the

Grand Jury were its managers. On or about March 26, 2004, a corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which named **Simpson** as the registered agent at 8641 Glenturret Dr. #200, Ovilla, Texas, and removed the person known to the Grand Jury as manager. SC TXLink also used the names Dialup Solutions and Servicio Telefonico Residencial.

- 35. Solarity Communications LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about July 10, 2007. Defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Arya Neal Behgooy** were managers, and **Behgooy** was its registered agent at 15934 Knoll Trail Dr., Dallas, Texas. On or about June 12, 2009, a corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which removed **Simpson** as manager.
- 36. Symatec Communications, LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about June 10, 2003. Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** was its manager and registered agent in Red Oak, Texas and at 8641 Glenturret Dr., Ovilla, Texas. On or about October 31, 2005, a corporate article of amendment was filed with the Texas Secretary of State which changed the manager and registered agent to a person known to the Grand Jury.
- 37. Tel United, LLC was a Texas limited liability corporation created on or about September 20, 2006. Defendant **Arya Neal Behgooy** was its registered agent, director, and president. Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** was its director and vice president. The corporate address provided to the Secretary of State was 15934 Knoll

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Trail Dr., Dallas, Texas.

#### Addresses

## 38. Defendant Matthew Norman Simpson maintained

- a. a residence at and conducted business from 8641 Glenturret, Ovilla, Texas
   (Ovilla and Red Oak are interchangeable);
- b. a mail box at P.O. Box 2116, Red Oak, Texas;
- c. computers and computer networking equipment at 2323 Bryan Street #700,cage 3, Dallas, Texas;
- d. computers and computer networking equipment at 2323 Bryan Street #2440, cage 3, Dallas, Texas.

## 39. Defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner maintained

- a. two residences from which he maintained computers and computer equipment used to facilitate the operations of Union Datacom, Crydon, Intelivox, Premier VoIP, and others in Keller, Texas until 2007 and thereafter in Southlake, Texas;
  b. computers and computer networking equipment for Aesir at 2323 Bryan Street,
  Dallas, Texas, and 1950 Stemmons Fwy, Dallas, Texas;
- c. a mail box in Southlake, Texas.
- d. the web site <a href="www.uwwwb.com">www.uwwwb.com</a> using computers located at his various businesses. <a href="Faulkner">Faulkner</a> used the online names of CygonX and Sean Dillon to control <a href="www.uwwwb.com">www.uwwwb.com</a>. <a href="Faulkner">Faulkner</a> used the name CygonX for many of his

online accounts; and

- e. P.O. Box 965 Grapevine, Texas, under the name of Aston Technology.
- 40. Defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Michael Blaine Faulkner** maintained the businesses
  - a. Union Datacom and Premier VoIP, and computers and computer networking equipment at 2020 Live Oak #400, Dallas, Texas; and
  - b. Crydon and Premier VoIP, and computers and computer networking equipment at 1950 Stemmons Fwy #2045, Dallas, Texas.
- 41. Defendant **Brian Patrick Haney** obtained a mail box at 6009 W. Parker Rd., Plano, Texas. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** was an authorized user of the mail box.
- 42. Defendant **Nathan Todd Shafer** obtained the leases for Incavox Northwest Hwy in Dallas, Texas, and for Neotech Holding Solutions on Empire Central in Dallas, Texas.
- 43. Defendant **Dmitri Siiatski** obtained a lease at 1509 Main, Dallas, Texas.
- 44. Defendant **Arya Neal Behgooy** maintained a residence at 15934 Knoll Trail Dr., Dallas, Texas.

#### **COUNT ONE**

Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud (18 U.S.C. §1349 (§§1341 and 1343))

- 1. The Grand Jury realleges and incorporates the Introduction and Counts Two through Eight of the Superseding Indictment.
- 2. From at least in or about March 2003 and continuing through in or about July 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, defendants Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Brian Patrick Haney, Eric Byron Littlejohn II, Nathan Todd Shafer, Matthew Norman Simpson, Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood, Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, Logan L. Vig, Arya Neal Behgooy, Christopher Wayne Sigler, Marcus William Wentrcek, Valerian James Stock, Ricky J. Keele, Dmitri Siiatski, Milos Vujanic, Jennifer Jo Gilliland, Casimir A. Wojciechowski also known as Casey, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury did unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree among themselves, with each other, and with other persons, to commit offenses against the United States, to wit: to devise a scheme or artifice to defraud and to obtain money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, and did knowingly 1) place and cause to be placed in any post office or authorized depository for mail matter, any matter or thing whatever to be sent or delivered by the Postal Service, and deposit or cause to be deposited any matter or thing whatever to be sent or delivered by any private or commercial interstate carrier, and

2) transmit or cause to be transmitted by means of wire, radio, or television communication in interstate or foreign commerce, any writings, signs, signals, pictures, or sounds; for the purpose of executing such scheme or artifice to defraud various telecommunications companies; including AT&T, Verizon, XO Communications, SMARTnet VOIP, Waymark Communications; the lessors of properties including 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas, 2323 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas, and 1950 Stemmons Fwy; various financial institutions, leasing companies, and creditors, including Wells Fargo, AT&T Capital Services, and the credit reporting agencies; and various other service providers, such as power companies, insurance companies, air conditioning companies, web site developers and others; for goods and services having an aggregate value estimated in excess of \$15,000,000.00.

### MANNER AND MEANS

It was part of this conspiracy that one or more of the conspirators:

- 3. Made false representations in order to obtain goods, such as computer and telecommunications equipment and infrastructure, to include racks to hold computer equipment, generators to provide power for the equipment, and office space to install the equipment; and services related to the operation and use of computers and telecommunications.
- 4. Created, purchased, and used multiple companies (shell companies) for the purpose of hiding the true identities of the owners or operators of the companies, or the

relationships between the companies.

- 5. Established P.O. Boxes, commercial remailer services, shell offices, apartments, or other physical locations for the purpose of hiding the true identities of the owners or operators of the companies, or the relationships between the companies.
- 6. Assumed multiple identities that were not their true identities for the purpose of hiding the true ownership and nature of the shell companies.
- 7. Made materially false representations to their victims either by mail, fax, telephone, email, or other communications method in order to obtain goods and services from their victims.

#### OVERT ACTS

In furtherance of the conspiracy and its objects, the named defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed the following overt acts, among others in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas, and elsewhere:

# Overt Acts related to A+ American Discount Telephone (ADT)

8. On or about July 16, 2003, defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Christopher Wayne Sigler** and a person known to the Grand Jury emailed one another about providing advice to telecommunications companies concerning increasing revenues by adding in a Universal Service Fee. They discussed the Federal Government's aggressive investigations regarding the overcharging of such fees.

- 9. In or about March 2003, defendant **Simpson** assumed control of ADT and used SC TXLink to service ADT's customers.
- 10. On or about March 24, 2004, defendant **Simpson** emailed ADT's clients and represented that ADT had been a fraudulent enterprise which had operated without licenses, falsified records, charged services without authorization to their clients and then refused to pay for services, and that the company had relocated to Las Vegas in order to avoid having its assets seized.

## Overt Acts related to Express Telephone Services (ETS)

- 11. In 2003 and 2004, a person known to the Grand Jury, doing business as ETS, incurred charges with Southern Bell Corporation (SBC) and did not pay. SBC merged with AT&T, and sued ETS and the person known to the Grand Jury for nonpayment. ETS filed for Chapter 11 Bankruptcy in the Northern District of Texas in or about February 2004.
- 12. The person doing business as ETS transferred ETS's customers to Symatec.

  Defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** sold Symatec to the person doing business as ETS. Another person known to the Grand Jury was listed in documents filed with the Texas Secretary of State as the new owner of Symatec.
- 13. In or about December 2003, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** doing business as Symatec, executed an agreement in which Symatec took over ETS's customers for \$50,000.

14. On or about August 11, 2005, a person known to the Grand Jury and defendant

Matthew Norman Simpson emailed each other regarding Simpson's fraudulent sale of

Symatec to this person. They discussed in whose name they should place the company in

order to avoid "getting in trouble."

### Overt Acts related to Symatec

15. In or about December 2005, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** doing business as Symatec, executed a bill of sale for Symatec to a person known to the Grand Jury, and misrepresented the sales price and the true owner.

#### Overt Acts related to SC TXLink

- 16. Beginning in or about April 2004 and continuing through in or about April 2005, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** applied for and collected unemployment payments from the State of Texas by falsely claiming to be unemployed. During this same time, **Simpson** earned income directly and indirectly from SC TXLink, Symatec, and ETS.
- 17. On or about November 11, 2005, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** mailed a letter to Experian, a credit reporting agency, falsely stating that he was not employed by Symatec or ADT, and that he was not associated with Box 2116, Red Oak, Texas.
- 18. On or about February 14, 2006, defendant Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood and others mailed letters to various ETS customers requesting payment for services rendered by ETS prior to or during ETS's pending bankruptcy, and attempted to collect monies

from these customers that were owed to SBC.

- 19. On or about June 6, 2006, defendants Matthew Norman Simpson and Alicia

  Nicole Cargill Smallwood communicated using instant messaging about the diversion of checks made payable to CommPartners to bank accounts controlled by Simpson and Smallwood. During the following 45 days, Simpson and Smallwood deposited in excess of 10 checks made payable to Commpartners into Simpson's account at Citizen's National Bank of Texas.
- 20. On or about November 10, 2006, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** emailed defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** and instructed him to defraud CommPartners by 1) denying receipt of CommPartners's bill; 2) asking for an extension of time to delay the process; and 3) requesting a payment arrangement and a new contract which they did not intend to honor.

## Overt Acts related to Camophone

21. On or about October 30, 2004, AT&T discontinued service to a phone number belonging to ETS (214.658.8200) after determining that the number had been used by a spoofing service known as Camophone.com. On or about November 30, 2004, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson**, doing business as ETS, telephoned AT&T and requested the restoration of telephone service to 214.658.8200, claiming that the number had been reassigned from ETS to defendant **Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood** of TXLink. **Simpson** did not disclose his ownership interest in either Camophone or TXLink to

AT&T.

- 22. On or about December 8, 2004, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson**, doing business as ETS, emailed AT&T to deny his involvement in Camophone.
- 23. On or about January 7, 2005, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson**, doing business as ETS, emailed AT&T and assured AT&T that the spoofed calls had stopped, and again requested the restoration of telephone service to 214.658.8200.
- 24. Between on or about October 18, 2004 and in or about July 2005, defendant Matthew Norman Simpson received payments in his Symatec and TXLink PayPal accounts which were owed to Camophone.

#### Overt Acts related to Core IP

- 25. On or about April 18, 2006, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** directed defendant **Christopher Wayne Sigler** through instant messaging to move the TXLink equipment from 2323 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas, to 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas, in order to compete with CommPartners as Core IP in direct violation of the agreement **Simpson** had with CommPartners as an employee of CommPartners.
- 26. Defendant Matthew Norman Simpson partnered with defendant Casimir A. Wojciechowski in the operation of Cost Plus Communications and IBFA Acquisition Company, doing business as Farm Bureau Connection and Farm Bureau Inc. Cost Plus Communications and IBFA operated numerous telephone exchanges, including an exchange consisting of the telephone numbers 214-586-0000 through 214-586-1000.

Simpson and Wojciechowski allowed other persons known and unknown to the Grand
Jury to use these telephone numbers to make numerous calls in violation of telemarketing
rules, including calling individuals on the do not call list and calling cell phones instead
of land lines.

- 27. Defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Casimir A. Wojciechowski** used Cost Plus Communications and IBFA to hide clients with whom **Simpson** consulted, such as Cloudvoice Telecom LLC.
- 28. On or about May 9, 2006, defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Christopher Wayne Sigler** discussed through instant messaging the best way to transfer CommPartners' customers away from CommPartners to Core IP. **Simpson** and **Sigler** discussed through instant messaging which domain name had been reserved to conceal their identities, and which domain name should be used when they took the customers.
- 29. On or about May 10, 2006, defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Christopher Wayne Sigler** discussed through instant messaging forging the signature of a CommPartners' executive on an agreement with Level3 Communications for their new competing company in order to cause CommPartners to pay the service bill instead of them.
- 30. On or about January 8, 2007, defendant Marcus William Wentreek emailed defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, and Valerian

**James Stock** regarding the decision to answer the telephones as Core IP for the immediate future in anticipation of a technical problem.

- 31. On or about July 10, 2008, defendant Matthew Norman Simpson emailed defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner and directed him to manufacture a realistic looking LOA/CFA from AT&T to use to fraudulently obtain telecom service. Faulkner emailed defendant William Michael Watts and directed him to do this for Simpson.
- 32. Throughout late 2007 and most of 2008, defendant Matthew Norman Simpson communicated with Bandwidth.com through faxes, telephone calls, and emails, resulting in Simpson and defendant Casimir A. Wojciechowski selling Cost Plus Communications to Bandwidth. Simpson and Wojciechowski intentionally failed to disclose the liabilities associated with Cost Plus Communications, resulting in a loss of approximately \$800,000 to Bandwidth.com.

# Overt Acts related to ColoExchange

- 33. In or about October 2005, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** directed defendant **Arya Neal Behgooy** to prepare a resignation from ColoExchange in order to remove **Behgooy**'s name from the company, and directed him to backdate the document to August 1, 2005.
- 34. In or about May 2006, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** emailed defendant **Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood** and directed her to act on behalf of CommPartners but without CommPartners' authorization, and directed her to sign and backdate a contract

between CommPartners and ColoExchange, obligating Commpartners to pay for 60 months of service at \$6,000 per month to ColoExchange.

- 35. In or about February 2007, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** submitted a claim on behalf of ColoExchange to Zurich North America (Zurich) claiming a power outage in June 2006 caused loss of revenue, loss of a client Union Datacom, and repair costs. In the claim, **Simpson** failed to disclose his association with Union Datacom.
- 36. On or about March 12, 2007, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** emailed defendant **Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood** and directed her to fabricate documents.

"I need you to put together an invoice 'from' Chris dated June 23, 2006, with the work done as 'database repair caused by power outage on 6/22.' Make it 6 hours at \$500 per hour. I also need an invoice from May 2006 for Union Datacom showing at least \$6,000 in charges. Put in a charge for bandwidth of \$4,000 and make the rest voip."

37. Based on the fraudulent claim, Zurich issued a settlement check to defendantMatthew Norman Simpson doing business as ColoExchange for in excess of \$31,000.

# Overt Acts related to Union Datacom (UDC)

- 38. Between in or about August 2005 and continuing through in or about June 2006, defendants Matthew Norman Simpson, Christopher Wayne Sigler, and Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood altered the billing records at CommPartners in order to provide service to defendants Faulkner, Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, and Marcus William Wentreek at UDC at a fraction of the true billing.
- 39. On or about May 15, 2006, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and Matthew

Norman Simpson emailed defendants Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, and others and discussed moving out of 2323 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas, and into 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas, to avoid paying the rent and discussed what "cover story" would be used to explain the move to their customers.

- 40. On or about May 18, 2006, defendants **Logan L. Vig** and **Matthew Norman Simpson** discussed in emails the pirated software they used to run Union Datacom's equipment and how best to circumvent fraud detection methods put in place by Microsoft.
- 41. On or about July 18, 2006, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and Matthew Norman Simpson, on behalf of UDC, faxed a credit application to AT&T Capital Services Inc. to lease equipment.
- 42. From approximately in or about May 2006, and continuing to in or about May 2007, AT&T Capital Services Inc. leased equipment to UDC. UDC and the defendants used and did not pay for the lease value for the equipment, valued in excess of \$66,000.
- 43. Beginning on or about July 31, 2006, and continuing to on or about August 8, 2006, defendants **Michael Blaine Faulkner** and **Matthew Norman Simpson** emailed defendant **Logan L. Vig** and directed him to remove equipment from 2323 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas, prior to the landlord locking the door due to **Faulkner**'s failure to pay rents.
- 44. Between on or about July 31, 2006, and on or about August 8, 2006, defendant

  Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed the landlords at 2323 Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas, and

stated that he was not paying the rent because of unresolved electrical issues.

- 45. On or about August 8, 2006, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendants Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, Arya Neal Behgooy, and Christopher Wayne Sigler to discuss interview questions for new Union Datacom hires.
- 46. On or about September 20, 2006, defendant **Milos Vujanic** emailed defendant **Logan L. Vig** and directed him to forge a signature on an order form for UDC, backdate it, and then send it to Perfect Dish LLC, a telecom provider.
- 47. On or about October 9, 2006, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed defendants **Logan L. Vig** and **Milos Vujanic** directing them to set up a new web server under the name Premier Voice and to hide its connections to UDC.
- 48. On or about October 30, 2006, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed Matthew Norman Simpson, Marcus William Wentrcek, Valerian James Stock, and other persons known to the Grand Jury and discussed how XO Communications (XO) was going to turn off service to UDC for failure to pay. Faulkner informed them that UDC would attempt to sue XO in order to force them to continue service despite UDC's failure to pay over \$40,000 in billing and how they would use Premier Voice to conceal other services they were obtaining from XO so that XO would not shut those services off also. In part, the email read:

"Our attorneys are preparing a temporary restraining order now, it will be served via the courts tomorrow morning on their registered agents in Texas. We will follow this move with a request for an injunction to prolong the uptime while we make other arrangements. All T1s are moving off XO,

substitution orders have already been put in with TWT. The VoIP account should be fine, it is through another division of XO out of another region, all disputes have been resolved, and we have a credit balance: there should be no problems. But, we'll most likely move that over to Premier IP or etc. as a precautionary measure."

- 49. On or about November 11, 2006, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner forwarded an email he had sent to defendants Logan L. Vig and Matthew Norman Simpson in which he admitted that "I continue to give away free VoIP and generally screw up peoples businesses by pretending to be a VoIP company." Faulkner admitted being worried about possible litigation and concluded that "Now I have long since setup a truly evil asset protection scheme for the company." Faulkner discussed additional fraud with Simpson, including the following:
  - "I will pool additional resources as needed. But you should know my focus is Union Datacom, and the Premier Voice platform. . . . And the Telunited things makes me unbelievably uncomfortable, and as much as I want to believe your angle there is that nagging doubt your full of shit."
- 50. On or about November 16, 2006, while using the business name UDC, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Marcus William Wentrcek, Valerian James Stock, emailed one another and discussed altering a Customer Service Request from CommPartners.
- 51. On or about December 27, 2006, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendants Marcus William Wentrcek, Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, Valerian James Stock, and Chastity Lynn Faulkner and advised them that they would have to sign new Union Datacom employee contracts as of January 1, 2007.

- 52. Defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, doing business as UDC, hired defendant Marcus William Wentreek through the Robert Half Agency. On or about January 3, 2007, defendants Wentreek, Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Logan L. Vig, and Chastity Lynn Faulkner discussed through email that they were not to answer any telephone calls from the Robert Half Agency or to tell the Robert Half Agency that Wentreek did not work at UDC.
- 53. On or about January 23, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed defendant **Marcus William Wentrcek** false financial information for the UDC 2006 financial statement for use in documenting UDC's financial position.
- 54. On or about January 31, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed defendant **Logan L. Vig** and directed him to prepare a fraudulent damage claim regarding a chemical spill by TDI Industries.
- 55. On or about February 7, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendants Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, Marcus William Wentrcek, and Chastity Lynn Faulkner and discussed obtaining but not paying for minutes from CommPartners and other companies. Michael Blaine Faulkner stated that "CommPartners alone billed us for 837155 minutes, and for months we ran traffic around their billing."
- 56. On or about April 10, 2007, defendant **Brian Patrick Haney** emailed false financial information for UDC to amerassist.com, an administrative services company which handled accounts receivable and accounts payable for its customers.

- 57. On or about May 7, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendants Marcus William Wentrcek, Logan L. Vig, Milos Vujanic, Chastity Lynn Faulkner Valerian James Stock, William Michael Watts, and Brian Patrick Haney and directed them to provide false information to the landlord of 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas, in order to delay the landlord from locking them out of the premises for the non payment of the \$2,000,000 in rents owed. The delay would allow the coconspirators to vacate the premises after hours without paying the rent owed.
- 58. On or about June 11, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendant Ricky J. Keele and instructed him to use a false lease created by Faulkner using photoshop to obtain access to facilities at 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas. Faulkner did this to recover equipment that he had been unable to move out before the landlord locked him out for failure to pay his bills.
- 59. From in or about March 2006, and continuing to in or about March 2007, UDC and defendants received and did not pay for services from XO Communications valued in excess of \$52,000.

## Overt Acts related to Premier Voice

60. From in or about October 2006 and continuing through in or about July 2007, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Marcus William Wentreek, Valerian James Stock, William Michael Watts, and Brian Patrick Haney, doing business as Premier Voice, received and did not pay for services from XO Communications (XO) valued in

excess of \$1,200,000.

- 61. To delay XO's termination of services to Premier Voice, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** 1) mailed blank envelopes to XO and advised XO that the envelopes contained payments for services; 2) claimed various billing errors; and 3) accused XO employees of stealing the checks from the envelopes.
- 62. In or about July 2007, XO terminated services to Premier Voice, and attempted to collect the debt. Defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** transferred the ownership of Premier Voice to defendant **Valerian James Stock** and provided to XO the address of an abandoned FEMA trailer in New Orleans, Louisiana, as the address for Premier Voice.
- 63. On or about April 24, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed false financial information to the property management of 1950 Stemmons Fwy, Dallas, Texas, in order to obtain a lease.
- 64. On or about June 3, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed instructions to defendants Marcus William Wentreek, William Michael Watts, and Brian Patrick Haney, Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Dmitri Siiatski, and Logan L. Vig to provide materially false facts about the relationship between UDC and Premier Voice in order to avoid creditors and lawsuits, and to fraudulently obtain credit, goods, and services.

- 65. On or about June 21, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed a person known to the Grand Jury false financial information for UDC from 2006 in order to attempt to establish credit for a Nextone Session Border Controller (a piece of equipment used in telecommunications). In the same email, **Faulkner** also materially misrepresented the status of his company Premier Voice.
- 66. On or about June 27, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed false financial information for Premier Voice to defendant **Marcus William Wentreek** in order to establish credit with CommPartners.
- 67. On or about August 3, 2007, defendants Marcus William Wentreek, Brian

  Patrick Haney, and Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed false financial information to

  Cogent Communications in order to fraudulently obtain service with Cogent.
- 68. On or about August 22, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed CommPartners and falsely claimed that 1) he was not the Owner of Premier Voice:
- 2) Union Datacom was no longer in business; and 3) "a \$10,000 + billing dispute over hundreds of DID<sup>1</sup>s that were being billed to UDC, that were not their numbers." In the same email, **Faulkner** also falsely implied that he was not associated with Aston Technology.

DID means Direct Inward Dialing, which was a feature offered by a telecom for use with the customers' private branch exchange system, whereby the telecom allocated a range of numbers to be associated with one or more telephone lines.

- 69. On or about August 29, 2007, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and Marcus William Wentreek discussed through instant messaging a plan for Premier Voice to pay Wentreek \$144,000. To accomplish the plan, Premier Voice would obtain the money by "running up" \$144,000 in debt, and thereafter not pay its creditors.
- 70. In or about May 2008, defendant **Brian Patrick Haney** obtained a P.O. Box in Plano at 6009 W. Parker Rd., Plano, Texas, to receive bills and collection notices for Premier Voice.
- 71. In or about May 2008, defendant **William Michael Watts**, doing business as Premier VoIP and Premier Voice Inc, contacted Verizon, and ordered two DS3's², one with a service address of 2323 Bryan Street #2440, Dallas, Texas, and the other with a service address of 1950 N. Stemmons Fwy #4021, Dallas, Texas.
- 72. From on or about September 26, 2008, and continuing until on or about January 25, 2009, Premier Voice and the defendants received and did not pay for DS3 services from Verizon valued in excess of \$2,200,000.

### Overt Acts related to Tel United LLC

73. From in or about September 2006 and continuing until in or about current date, defendants **Matthew Norman Simpson** and **Arya Neal Behgooy** operated and maintained the equipment of Tel United from **Simpson**'s data center, located at 2323

A DSL was a digital subscriber line that provided digital data transmission over the wires of a local telephone or Internet network. The speed of the transmission varied from the slowest DS1 to the fastest DS3.

Bryan Street, Dallas, Texas.

74. From in or about September 2006 and continuing until in or about April 2009, defendant **Arya Neal Behgooy** ordered service from CommPartners, using **Behgooy**'s name and **Behgooy**'s home address on Knoll Trail in Dallas, Texas as the business address. Neither defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** nor **Behgooy** disclosed **Simpson**'s ownership interest or operational involvement in Tel United to CommPartners.

### Overt Acts related to Aston Technology

- 75. On or about December 11, 2006, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and Marcus William Wentreek directed another person known to the Grand Jury to incorporate Aston Technology on their behalf on December 15, 2006.
- 76. On or about October 18, 2007, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** directed defendant **Dmitri Siiatski** and other coconspirators to obtain credit cards for Aston Technology in the name of a person known to the Grand Jury and have them delivered and billed to **Siiatski**'s apartment at 1509 Main Street #1108, Dallas, Texas.
- 77. On or about March, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner opened P.O. Box965 in Grapevine, Texas, under the name Aston Technology.
- 78. On or about November 2, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, or Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology and emailed Metro

Communications Company (Metro) in Illinois requesting Domestic and International Termination Service<sup>3</sup>. The defendant faxed to Metro references, EIN, and other basic business information for Aston Technology.

- 79. On or about December 5, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, or Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Premier Voice, Aston Technology's colocation provider, and tested the connection with Metro.
- 80. On or about December 6, 2007, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, and Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology, and emailed invoices to Metro. The invoices purported to be from Aston Technology's previous vendor, Premier Voice. The invoices reflected approximately \$400,000 a month in International and Domestic voice services provided by Premier Voice.
- 81. On or about January 18, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, or Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology, and emailed Aston Technology escrow documents, signed by Aston Technology's CFO, to Metro.
- 82. On or about January 20, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, or Dmitri

Termination Service occurs when a particular Telcom acts as the last point of service rendered by a commercial carrier.

Siiatski, wired Metro a deposit of \$5,000 from Aston Technology's Wells Fargo bank account to test out the DS3 and start service.

- 83. On or about January 23, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, and Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology, and emailed Metro and informed Metro that it was having technical problems. Metro began working with defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner at Premier Voice to try to locate the cause.
- 84. On or about Friday, January 25, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, and Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology and emailed Metro, and fraudulently agreed to pay Metro's invoice "first thing on Monday".
- 85. On or about February 4, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, directly or indirectly through defendants Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, and Dmitri Siiatski, claimed to be a representative from Aston Technology and emailed Metro, explaining that only he (the representative) was in Dallas and Aston Technology was still in Las Vegas. The representative expressed dissatisfaction with Premier Voice and stated that Aston Technology would be moving their equipment to another location in Dallas. The representative again agreed to pay the invoice.
- 86. Between on or about February 20, 2008, and continuing until on or about March14, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner as CEO of Premier Voice emailed Metro

and expressed dissatisfaction with Aston Technology and denounced its business practices. Specifically, **Faulkner** questioned the authenticity of the Premier Voice invoice sent by Aston Technology to Metro, claimed that Aston Technology's servers were removed in 2008, and questioned the veracity of the 1509 Main Street, Dallas, Texas address provided by Aston Technology.

- 87. Prior to December 21, 2007, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, and Dmitri Siiatski contracted for service for Aston Technology from Bandwidth.com in North Carolina, by fax and email.
- 88. From on or about December 21, 2007, and continuing until on or about January 2, 2008, Aston Technology and the defendants received and did not pay for DS3 services from Bandwidth.com valued in excess of \$640,000.
- 89. Bandwidth.com emailed defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner, doing business as Premier Voice, and contacted defendant Matthew Norman Simpson by instant messaging. Faulkner expressed his dissatisfaction with Aston Technology, denounced its business practices, and inferred that Aston Technology had also victimized Premier Voice.
- 90. From on or about February 20, 2008, and continuing until on or about March 5, 2008, Aston Technology and the defendants received and did not pay for DS3 services from Primus Tel, valued in excess of \$10,000.

91. On or about March 11, 2008, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** caused a person known to the Grand Jury to send a letter on behalf of Premier Voice to Primus Tel claiming that Aston Technology and Premier Voice were not the same company, that Aston Technology was not located at Premier Voice's address, and Premier Voice was not responsible for Aston Technology's debt to Primus Tel.

### Overt Acts related to Clear VOIP Calling (CVC)

- 92. On or about November 15, 2007, defendant **Jennifer Jo Gilliland**, CVC's Director of Operations, signed and transmitted to AT&T a contract for services. During in or about November 2007 and December 2007, CVC and the defendants received and did not pay for services from AT&T, valued in excess of \$125,000.
- 93. On or about January 7, 2008, defendant **Jennifer Jo Gilliland** emailed AT&T and complained that AT&T's billing to CVC was incorrect.
- 94. On or about February 6, 2008, defendant **Jennifer Jo Gilliland** emailed AT&T and complained that the calls on the bill did not belong to CVC.
- 95. On April 29, 2009, defendant **Jennifer Jo Gilliland**, doing business as CVC, again contracted for services from AT&T, but listed the customer as MegaTone. Beginning on or about May 7, 2009 and continuing through May 27, 2009, **Gilliland**, acting as MegaTone, and the defendants, received and did not pay for services from AT&T, valued in excess of \$163,000. From in or about May 2009 and continuing until in or about July 2009, **Gilliland**, acting as MegaTone, emailed AT&T repeated promises of

payment. As of on or about July 8, 2009, **Gilliland**, acting as MegaTone, and the defendants, received and did not pay for services from AT&T, valued in excess of \$290,000.

- 96. In or about August 2008, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew

  Norman Simpson, and Jason Carter Watts, ordered service from defendant Jennifer

  Jo Gilliland, CVC, in the name of defendant Marcus William Wentreek and WTS

  Telecom.
- 97. On or about July 7, 2009, CVC and the defendants received and did not pay for services from XO Communications, valued in excess of \$100,000.

### Overt Acts related to Crydon

98. On or about June 21, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendant William Michael Watts and discussed defendant Matthew Norman Simpson's use of information obtained during Simpson's consulting relationship with Bandwidth.com to make Crydon and its associated companies more competitive.

Faulkner explained that Bandwidth.com was looking for a new credit card processor, and Simpson would secure information from Bandwidth.com, so that Corduro, a company associated with Crydon, could underbid the competition. Faulkner acknowledged the need to remove Simpson's name from the Crydon corporate paperwork to conceal Simpson's association with Crydon.

99. On or about June 25, 2008, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** details on how to continue to commit fraud, such as obtaining loans they were not otherwise entitled to, altering company credit histories, avoiding taxes, and purchasing other company names. The email included the following:

"In order to get the \$5M, we'd need to merge all of our companies, at least on paper ... Ideally, we'd put all our companies bank accounts into a single QuickBooks, massage the data, and dump out a complete financial picture of our performance over the last 3 years ... Considering we have paid a lot of money to each other, we'll be able to book those transactions as revenue within the big picture instead of separate expenses. Once again, we do not need to do a formal merger, or combine the corporations. We want to present the deal to the bank as if we are merging our various corporate holdings together, which will reduce our total overhead, and increase profitability: profitability that will help us cover the \$92,000 a month loan payment. What we are going to do with the money we'll discuss later, but it goes without saying we have to make some money with the loan, but that's never been a problem for either of us ... The IRS piece is sticky, but assuming you have not filled with any of yours, then that part is easy. This will officially and legally, cover that should that ever come up. Your company should not have paid in taxes, as it merged with Crydon in 2008 and Crydon (who also hasn't filed in 3 years) paid the last 3 years taxes at that time. And yes, we do have to show about \$100K in gross profit over the last 3 years, and file amended tax returns. We expect to pay 20-30% to the feds for this honor, so it is a risk, but I'm the Social Security Number on the tax filings, so it's all my risk there. The docs that [a person known to the Grand Jury] will draw up will be for this purpose, and this purpose only ... Ideally, we'll be able to buy good gear, and sell under the Intelivox name to your clients and mine at some point in the future with a nice easy profit split down the middle, but for the current plan all we need to look at is total financial picture for the bank ... Corduro is almost ready to do the same ...

[A person known to the Grand Jury] can prepare the "intent to merge" papers, and from what I can tell the legal ramifications can be kept separate. Meaning, it would not affect our state filings, corporate structure, or etc. it would merely be internal paperwork for the deal. If all goes according to plan, we can actually merge the federal IDs for the IRS after we get the money, and absolve us both of any past tax debts and lack of

filings. All my stuff is actually current, and I even pay them a little something, minus Convergence, which is used like your LLCs. It will be a neat way to tidy up all the old companies before we spend the money on buying new aged shells for the next gig."

- 100. On or about July 29, 2008, defendants Matthew Norman Simpson, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood, and Brian Patrick Haney emailed one another and discussed recasting the billing for Intelivox to reflect the plans set out Faulkner's email dated June 25, 2008.
- Blaine Faulkner exchanged a series of emails in which Michael Faulkner directed
  Chastity Faulkner to manipulate loan forms for Michael Faulkner in order to secure a
  loan for Crydon. After Michael Faulkner provided her the basic forms via email,
  Chastity Faulkner manipulated them and returned them to Michael Faulkner, telling
  him "Here is the form for you to manipulate further." He altered them further and
  returned them to Chastity Faulkner, whereupon she noted that he had listed "stock
  dividends on there twice for the same amount" and asked him if he had realized that.

  102. On or about August 19, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed
  defendants Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Brian Patrick Haney, William Michael Watts,
  Milos Vujanic, and other persons known to the Grand Jury, and described how they
  would proceed in conducting their frauds. Faulkner stated as follows:

"Provided this works out, it would greatly increase our capacity to exploit carrier's Unlimited or Unrestricted deals. Although we've done well with these in the past, we can't go back to the same providers as they know we

are a provider, and 'Dealers are not welcome.' However, it's a simple matter to start up a new company just to deal with these guys, but it is certainly not a simple matter to get new IP Space from ARIN: that's a problem. This new IP Proxy solution could allow us to simply rent a box on any other network, and with our peering, there would be little or no latency. So we could in effect utilize any carrier, any number of times, bringing back the unlimited profitability we had last Winter."

Faulkner then described how they planned on exploiting Verizon and AT&T with defendant Matthew Norman Simpson, stating that

"Will and I will continue to work with them to get the LOA/CFA from Verizon, which is basically an identifier we need to get for Matt to order the cross connect in 2323. They got it in late Thursday, and we had no luck getting the union clowns to do any work on Friday. This would be 670 channels of immediate capacity, with basically a Net 45 Term before the bill was even late. As our clients pre-pay, or at max have a 1 Day Term, we can effectively catch up all our bills, payroll, and then some, and launch another profitable endeavor, long before we even get a bill from Verizon."

- 103. In or about September 2008, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed other coconspirators and reminded them that he obtained companies in order to acquire and use the credit histories associated with the companies.
- 104. On or about October 10, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendant Matthew Norman Simpson and stated

"I got us a new 6 year old shell, getting it updated with the state now, then adding a phsyical street address, CEO is all taken care of, sky's the limit on this one. Getting some work done on your old shell too, you don't mind if we slip in a new CEO there too right? I got a uplly of them, and they don't need or want 10%...they each get \$100 cash money and a bottle of MD 20/20, no complainers so far:)"

105. On or about January 31, 2009, defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** emailed a person known to the Grand Jury and stated that Incavox was the shell company Intelivox was using to purchase service.

## Overt Acts related to Intelivox

On or about March 10, 2008, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and William

- Michael Watts emailed an Intelivox customer and explained that his or her service was interrupted because Intelivox had been caught defrauding its vendors. Faulkner and Watts explained that Intelivox had "exploit[ed] flat rate service plans from other carriers. [Faulkner and Watts] knew that [the carriers] would eventually see that [the carriers] were losing money and discontinue service, as [the carriers] always do."

  107. On or about June 9, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendants Brian Patrick Haney and William Michael Watts and instructed them on how to transfer funds between accounts in order to avoid assets being seized. In particular, Faulkner instructed them to close the Premier Voice account in anticipation of
  - "We cannot transfer a large sum of money out of Premier Voice for a variety of reasons, yet we need to close the account as quickly as possible, for obvious reasons. . . . DO NOT have anyone pay WF by wire, and do not accept CC payment unless it's the only way we can get paid. Al wires need to go to Intelivox, and Intelivox only."

being sued. In the email, Faulkner stated:

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106.

### Overt Acts related to Incavox

- 108. From on or about November 1, 2008 and continuing to on or about February 28, 2009, defendants Nathan Todd Shafer, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts attempted to obtain service under the name Incavox from AT&T.
- 109. On or about November 20, 2008, defendant **Nathan Todd Shafer** faxed or caused the sending of a fax to the Texas Secretary of State to change the name of NTS Consulting to Incavox.
- Nathan Todd Shafer obtained the identity information of persons known to the Grand Jury. Shafer used their names and identity information to open bank accounts, to create corporations, and to amend the information of existing corporations. Shafer filed documents with the Texas Secretary of State listing two of these persons as officers of Incavox.
- 111. On or about January 30, 2009, defendant Nathan Todd Shafer, acting as an employee of Chase Bank, sent a fax to AT&T and verified Incavox's credit. Shafer used false financial information obtained from defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner and William Michael Watts and a fraudulently manufactured bill purporting to be from Verizon.

- 112. On or about January 30, 2009, defendant William Michael Watts, acting as one of the individuals whose identity information had been obtained by defendant Nathan Todd Shafer, telephoned AT&T and discussed the service Incavox was ordering. Defendant Jason Carter Watts falsified the service applications and the same were faxed and emailed to AT&T.
- 113. On or about December 10, 2008, defendants Nathan Todd Shafer, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts emailed Verizon and ordered service for Incavox.
- 114. Beginning on or about December 23, 2008, and continuing through in or about March 2009, defendants Nathan Todd Shafer, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts emailed SmartisVoip.com to order service for Incavox. Shafer, Faulkner, Jason Watts, and William Watts provided falsified credit applications and order forms prepared by Jason Watts which listed Core IP, Crydon, and Neotech as credit references. They also provided identical falsified credit references from Chase Bank and a manufactured Verizon invoice that had been sent to AT&T.
- 115. Between in or about December 2008 and in or about March 2009, Incavox and the defendants received and did not pay for services from SmartisVoip, valued in excess of \$98,000.
- 116. On or about January 14, 2009, defendant **Nathan Todd Shafer**, using the identity information of a person known to the Grand Jury, traveled to the offices of Waymark

Internet Services in Plano, Texas, and ordered service for Incavox. Shafer used the order form prepared by defendant Jason Carter Watts. Waymark contacted Incavox via telephone and spoke with defendant William Michael Watts, acting as "Chris," who assured Waymark that payment had been made when it had not.

- 117. Between on or about March 2, 2009 and on or about March 10, 2009, defendants

  Nathan Todd Shafer, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason

  Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts emailed Cogent Communications using the identity information of a person known to the Grand Jury and ordered service from Cogent for Incavox.
- 118. Between in or about February 26, 2009 and in or about April 15, 2009, Incavox, by and through defendants Nathan Todd Shafer, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts, received and did not pay for services from XO Communications, valued in excess of \$1,000,000.
- 119. Beginning on or about March 10, 2009, and continuing through on or about April 2, 2009, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts emailed PaeTec Communications and ordered service for Incavox, and used the same fraudulent documents as were used in attempting to obtain service from AT&T and Verizon. During this time, William Watts, using the identity information of a person known to the Grand Jury, telephoned PaeTec in order to obtain service from PaeTec.

## Overt Acts related to Neotech Corporation

120. On or about February 18, 2009, defendants Michael Blaine Faulkner, Matthew Norman Simpson, Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts, using the identity information of a person known to the Grand Jury, emailed Cogent Communications to obtain service from Cogent for Neotech Corporation.

### Overt Acts related to Lone Star Power

- 121. Beginning in or about April 2008, defendant **Eric Byron Littlejohn II** as the CEO of Lone Star Power LLC, emailed Verizon and ordered one DS3 line.
- 122. On or about May 23, 2008, defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson** wire transferred, or caused another to wire transfer \$1,950 from a Core IP bank account to Verizon, as a deposit purportedly from Lone Star Power.
- 123. Between in or about October 2008 until in or about January 2009, Lone Star Power and the defendants received and did not pay for services valued in excess of \$2,200,000.
- 124. On or about May 30, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendant Matthew Norman Simpson to explain that Faulkner changed Lone Star Power's registration information from Simpson to a person known to the Grand Jury.

  Faulkner informed Simpson that Faulkner used a personal credit card to prevent the transaction being traced to Premier Voice. Faulkner instructed Simpson on what explanation to provide if necessary.

- 125. On or about June 11, 2008, defendant Matthew Norman Simpson emailed defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner and stated that he had obtained a lease, had applied for a DUNS number, and that he was in the process of establishing a bank account at Chase. Simpson reminded Faulkner to have defendant William Michael Watts coordinate with defendant Eric Byron Littlejohn II.
- 126. On or about June 19, 2008, defendant Michael Blaine Faulkner emailed defendant Matthew Norman Simpson instructing Simpson to have defendant Eric Byron Littlejohn II send \$200 to Lone Star Power's registered agent at 2816 Bedford Rd, Bedford, Texas.
- 127. From in or about June 2008 and continuing until December 2008, defendants

  Matthew Norman Simpson, Eric Byron Littlejohn II, Michael Blaine Faulkner,

  Jason Carter Watts, and William Michael Watts acting as Lone Star Power used and did not pay for services from AT&T valued at just under \$2,200,000.

### **COUNT TWO**

Fraud and Related Activity in Connection with Electronic Mail Aiding and Abetting (18 U.S.C. §1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. §2)

- 1. The Grand Jury realleges and incorporates the Introduction and Count One of the Superseding Indictment.
- 2. From at least in or about March 2003 and continuing through in or about July 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, defendants Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Brian Patrick Haney, Matthew Norman Simpson, Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood, Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, Logan L. Vig, Arya Neal Behgooy, Christopher Wayne Sigler, Marcus William Wentreek, Valerian James Stock, Ricky J. Keele, Dmitri Siiatski, Milos Vujanic, and other persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury aided and abetted each other, and did knowingly use a protected computer to relay or retransmit multiple commercial electronic mail messages, with the intent to deceive or mislead recipients, or any Internet access service, as to the origin of such messages; and the volume of the electronic mail messages transmitted in furtherance of the offenses exceeded 2,500 during any 24-hour period, 25,000 during any 30-day period, and 250,000 during any 1-year period.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. §2.

## **COUNT THREE**

Obstruction: Threatening a Witness or Informant (18 U.S.C. §1512(b)(3))

Beginning in or about March 14, 2009 and continuing until in or about September 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner** did knowingly attempt to intimidate, threaten, and corruptly persuade Logan L. Vig and Marcus William Wentrcek, by posting threats on **Faulkner**'s web site <a href="www.uwwwb.com">www.uwwwb.com</a> with the intent to hinder, delay, and prevent the communication by Vig and Wentrcek to a law enforcement officer, specifically Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, of information relating to the commission of a Federal offense, namely, wire fraud, mail fraud, and fraud related to computers in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§1341, 1343, and 1030, as referenced in Count One.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §1512(b)(3).

## **COUNT FOUR**

Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence (18 U.S.C. §1512(c)(1))

On or about March 13, 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson**, did knowingly and corruptly destroy and attempt to destroy records and documents, namely email and other electronic data by deleting the data from his computer and other data storage devices, with the intent to impair its integrity or availability for use in an official proceeding.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §1512(c)(1).

**COUNT FIVE** 

Obstruction: Hide Assets

(18 U.S.C. §1512(b)(2)(B))

On or about March 12, 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner**, did knowingly and corruptly persuade Brian Patrick Haney, with the intent to cause and induce Haney to conceal an object, namely Haney's bank account, with the intent to impair the object's integrity and availability for use in an official proceeding, that being the potential seizure and forfeiture of the proceeds of an unlawful activity in connection with the criminal investigation by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §1512(b)(2)(B).

### **COUNT SIX**

Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence (18 U.S.C. §1512(k) (18 U.S.C. §1512(c)(1)))

In or about July 2009, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendants **Michael Blaine Faulkner**, **Logan L. Vig**, and **Milos Vujanic**, did knowingly combine, conspire, confederate, and agree among themselves, to corruptly destroy and conceal, and attempt to destroy and conceal records, documents, and other objects, namely computers, data storage devices, and other computer equipment used by Union Datacom and located at 2020 Live Oak, Dallas, Texas, with the intent to impair the integrity or availability of the digital records, documents, and other data for use in an official proceeding, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §1512(c)(1).

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §1512(k).

# COUNT SEVEN False Registration of a Domain Name (18 U.S.C. §3559(g)(1))

On or about October 10, 2005, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendant **Matthew Norman Simpson**, did knowingly and intentionally falsely register a domain name, in that **Simpson** did register camophone.com with a hosting service using a false contact name and a false address, and further that **Simpson** did knowingly and intentionally use the domain name in the course of the commission of a felony offense, for which felony offense **Simpson** was convicted.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §3559(g)(1).

### **COUNT EIGHT**

False Registration of a Domain Name (18 U.S.C. §3559(g)(1))

On or after November 10, 2006, in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas and elsewhere, the defendant **Michael Blaine Faulkner**, did knowingly and intentionally falsely register a domain name, in that **Faulkner** did register and cause to be registered officelinkplus.com with a hosting services using a false contact, and further that **Faulkner** did knowingly and intentionally use the domain name in the course of the commission of a felony offense, for which felony offense **Faulkner** was convicted.

In violation of 18 U.S.C. §3559(g)(1).

### Forfeiture

(18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037(c))

Upon conviction of any of the offenses alleged in Counts One, Three, Four, Five, and Six of this Indictment and pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), the defendants, Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Brian Patrick Haney, Eric Byron Littlejohn II, Nathan Todd Shafer, Matthew Norman Simpson, Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood, Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, Logan L. Vig, Arya Neal Behgooy, Christopher Wayne Sigler, Marcus William Wentreek, Valerian James Stock, Ricky J. Keele, Dmitri Siiatski, Milos Vujanic, Jennifer Jo Gilliland, and Casimir A. Wojciechowski, shall forfeit to the United States of America any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from proceeds traceable to the offense.

Upon conviction of the offense alleged in Count Two of this Indictment and pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1037(c), the defendants, Chastity Lynn Faulkner, Michael Blaine Faulkner, Brian Patrick Haney, Matthew Norman Simpson, Alicia Nicole Cargill Smallwood, Jason Carter Watts, William Michael Watts, Logan L. Vig, Arya Neal Behgooy, Christopher Wayne Sigler, Marcus William Wentrcek, Valerian James Stock, Ricky J. Keele, Dmitri Siiatski, and Milos Vujanic shall forfeit to the United States of America any property, real or personal, constituting or traceable to gross proceeds obtained from the offense and any equipment, software, or other technology used or intended to be used to commit or to facilitate the commission of the

Superseding Indictment - Page 53

other technology used or intended to be used to commit or to facilitate the commission of the offense.

The above-referenced property subject to forfeiture includes, but is not limited to, the following:

## **Property**

(only the last 4 digits of a financial account number are listed)

- \$25,681.30 in funds contained in Account XXXX8340 in the name of Core IP Networks at Citizens National Bank of Texas, Waxahachie, Texas, seized on or about April 2, 2009.
   [sought from Matthew Norman Simpson]
- \$283,431.74 in funds contained in Account XXXX1898 in the name of Simpson Burwell, Ltd. at Citizens National Bank of Texas, Waxahachie, Texas, seized on or about April 2, 2009.
   [sought from Matthew Norman Simpson]
- \$2,652.96 in funds contained in Account XXXXXX2104 in the name of Spider Development Corporation at JPMorgan Chase Bank, Dallas, Texas, seized on or about March 11, 2009.
   [sought from Nathan Todd Shafer]
- 4. \$1,560,000.00 in funds, monies, or things of value acquired by Matthew Simpson c/o Simpson Burwell Ltd. from Asset Strategies International, Inc., 1700 Rockville Pike, Suite 400, Rockville, Maryland in the form of three The Perth Mint Precious Metals Certificates (Nos. 022726, 022727, and 022728).

  [sought from Matthew Norman Simpson]
- The total amount of proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as a result of the offense.[sought from all defendants]

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## Substitute Assets

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §853(p), if any of the above-described real and/or personal property, as a result of any act or omission of the previously-mentioned defendants, cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person; has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; has been substantially diminished in value; or has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty, the United States of America intends to seek forfeiture of any other property of the previously-mentioned defendants up to the value of the above-described property subject to forfeiture.

The above-referenced property subject to forfeiture includes, but is not limited to, the following:

6. The real property at 8641 Glenturret Drive, Ovilla, Ellis County, Texas. [sought from **Matthew Norman Simpson**]

A,TRUE BILL

FOREPE

JAMES T. JACKS UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

CANDINA S. HEATH

Assistant United States Attorney State of Texas Bar No. 09347450 1100 Commerce Street, 3rd Floor Dallas, Texas 75242 Telephone: 214 659 8600

Telephone: 214.659.8600 candina.heath@usdoj.gov

00796455

G/C WAI

WALT M. JUNKER

Assistant United States Attorney State of Texas Bar No. 24038115 1100 Commerce Street, 3rd Floor Dallas, Texas 75242

Telephone: 214.659.8630 john.delagarza@usdoj.gov

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

JAN 5 2010

ISTRICT COURT

CLERK. U.S.

By\_

U.S. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
FILED

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

CHASTITY LYNN FAULKNER (1)

MICHAEL BLAINE FAULKNER (2)

**BRIAN PATRICK HANEY (3)** 

ERIC LITTLEJOHN II (4)

NATHAN TODD SHAFER (5)

MATTHEW NORMAN SIMPSON (6)

ALICIA CARGILL SMALLWOOD (7)

JASON C. WATTS (8)

WILLIAM MICHAEL WATTS (9)

LOGAN L. VIG (10)

ARYA NEAL BEHGOOY (11)

CHRISTOPHER WAYNE SIGLER (12)

MARCUS WILLIAM WENTRCEK (13)

VALERIAN JAMES STOCK (14)

RICKY J. KEELE (15)

DMITRI SIIATSKI (16)

MILOS VUJANCI (17)

JENNIFER JO GILLILAND (18)

CASIMIR A. WOJCIECHOWSKI (19)

also known as Casey

3:09-Ur-Z49-D

#### SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

18 U.S.C. § 1349 (§§ 1341 and 1343) Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud

18 U.S.C. § 1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. §2)
Fraud and Related Activity
in Connection with Electronic Mail
Aiding and Abetting

18 U.S.C. § 1512(b)(3)

Obstruction: Threatening a Witness or Informant

18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(1)

Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence

18 U.S.C. § 1512(b)(2)(B) Obstruction: Hide Assets

18 U.S.C. § 1512(k) 18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(1) Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence

18 U.S.C. § 3559(g)(1) False Registration of a Domain Name

18 U.S.C. § 3559(g)(1) False Registration of a Domain Name

18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037(c) Forfeiture

8 Counts	
A true bill rendered:	7
	J. J. My
DALLAS	FOREPERSON
Filed in open court thisday of	, A.D. 2010.
	Clerk
ISSUE ARREST WARRANTS: CHASTITY LY	NN FAULKNER; MICHAEL BLAINE
FAULKNER; JASON C. WATTS; WILLIAM M	MICHAEL WATTS; LOGAN L. VIG;
ARYA NEAL BEHGOOY; CHRISTOPHER WA	YNE SIGLER; MARCUS WILLIAM
WENTRCEK; VALERIAN JAMES STOCK; RI	CKY J. KEELE; DMITRI SIIATSKI;
MILOS VUJANIC; JENNIFER JO GILLILANI	D; CASIMIR A. WOJCIECHOWSKI;
Sym Camble Kane	45/10
UNITED STATES DISTRICT/MAGISTRATE JU	
Criminal Case Pending - 3:09-CR-249-D	

Crimina	al Case Cover Sheet 00249 D Docu	ment 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 60 of 80 Pa	geID 631
Unit	ED STATES DISTRICT COURT	Related Case Information	
Nor	THERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	Superseding Indictment: X Yes No New Defendant:	Yes X No
1.	Defendant Information	Pending CR Case in NDTX: X Yes No If Yes, number	r: <u>3:09-CR-249-D</u>
	Juvenile: Yes X No	Search Warrant Case Number	
	If Yes, Matter to be sealed:  Yes X No	R 20 from District of N/A Magistrate Case Number N/A	
	Defendant Name  Alias Name	MICHAEL BLAINE FAULKNER (2)	
	Address		
	County in which offense was committed	ted: <u>Dallas</u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2.	U.S. Attorney Information		
	Candina S. Heath	Bar # <u>09347450</u>	
3.	Interpreter Yes X No If Yes, list la	inguage and/or dialect:  CLERK, U.S. DIS NORTHERN DIST	5 2010
4.	Location Status	NORTHERN DIST	AICT OF TEXAS
	Arrest Date: Issue arrest warrant		
	Already in Federal Custody Already in State Custody On Pretrial Release	in	
5.	U.S.C. Citations		
	Total # of Counts as to This Defendar	nt: 6 Petty Misdemeanor	X Felony
	Citation	Description of Offense Charged	Count(s)
	18 U.S.C. § 1349 (§§1341 and 1343)	Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud	1
	18 U.S.C. § 1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. § 2)	Fraud and Related Activity in Connection with Electronic Mail and Aiding and Abetting	2
	18 U.S.C. § 1512(b)(3)	Obstruction: Threatening a Witness or Informant	3
	18 U.S.C. § 1512(b)(2)(B)	Obstruction: Hide Assets	5
	18 U.S.C. § 1512(k)(3) 18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(1)	Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence	6

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 Citation
 Description of Offense Charged
 Count(s)

 18 U.S.C. § 3559(g)(1) and § 2
 False Registration of a Domain Name
 8

 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037 (c)
 Forfeiture

Date 1-5-2010

Signature of AUSA:

Signature of AUSA:

Date \_\_(-5-70\0)

Crimi	nal Case Cover Sheet 00249 D Docu	ment 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 65 of 80 Page 6	ageID Revised 3/5/98
UNI	TED STATES DISTRICT COURT	Related Case Information	
No	PRTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	Superseding Indictment: X Yes No New Defendant	t: Yes X No
1.	Defendant Information	Pending CR Case in NDTX: X Yes No If Yes, number	er: 3:09-CR-249-D
	Juvenile: Yes X No	Search Warrant Case Number:	
	If Yes, Matter to be sealed:	R 20 from District of N/A Magistrate Case Number N/A	
	Yes X No	R 20 Holli District of N/A Wagistrate Case Number N/A	
	Defendant Name	MATTHEW NORMAN SIMPSON (6)	
	Alias Name		
	Address		
	County in which offense was committed	ted: Dallas	
2.	U.S. Attorney Information		
	Candina S. Heath	Bar # 09347450 REC	EIVED,
3.	Intonometer	JAN J	5 2010
٥.	Interpreter	JAN	-5 2010
	Yes X No If Yes, list la	inguage and/or dialect:  CLERK, U.S NORTHERN	DISTRICT OF TEXAS
4.	Location Status	NONT	
••	Arrest Date: Issue arrest warrant		
	X Already in Federal Custody	in	
	Already in State Custody		
	On Pretrial Release		
5.	U.S.C. Citations		
	Total # of Counts as to This Defendar	nt: 4 Petty Misdemeanor	X Felony
	Citation	Description of Offense Charged	Count(s)
	18 U.S.C. § 1349 (§§1341 and 1343)	Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud	1
	18 U.S.C. § 1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. § 2)	Fraud and Related Activity in Connection with Electronic Mail and Aiding and Abetting	2
	18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(1)	Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence	4
	18 U.S.C. § 3559(g)(1)	False Registration of a Domain Name	7

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Citation

## **Description of Offense Charged**

Count(s)

18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and

28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037 (c) Forfeiture

Date <u>[-5-7010</u>

Signature of AUSA:

Signature of AUSA:

Date 1-5-2010

Criminal Case Cover Sheet O0249 D Document 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 69 of 80 Page ID 640 Filed 3/5/98

Crimin	nal Case Cover Sheet 00249 D Docu	ment 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 70 of 80 Page 7	ageID Revised 3/5/98
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		Related Case Information	
NO	RTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	Superseding Indictment: X Yes No New Defendant	t: X Yes No
1.	Defendant Information	Pending CR Case in NDTX: X Yes No If Yes, numb	er: 3:09-CR-249-D
	Juvenile: Yes X No	Search Warrant Case Number:	
	If Yes, Matter to be sealed:		
	Yes X No	R 20 from District of N/A Magistrate Case Number N/A	A-1
	Defendant Name	LOGAN L. VIG (10)	
	Alias Name		
	Address		
	County in which offense was committed	ted: <u>Dallas</u>	
2.	U.S. Attorney Information		
	Candina S. Heath	Bar # <u>09347450</u>	
3. Interpreter			
4.	Yes X No If Yes, list la  Location Status	Inguage and/or dialect:    RECEI   JAN - 5	1 1
	Arrest Date: Issue arrest warrant	CLERK, U.S. DIS	TRICT COURT
	Already in Federal Custody Already in State Custody On Pretrial Release	NORTHERN DIS	
5.	U.S.C. Citations		
	Total # of Counts as to This Defendar	nt: 3 Petty Misdemeanor	X Felony
	Citation	Description of Offense Charged	Count(s)
	18 U.S.C. § 1349 (§§1341 and 1343)	Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud	1
	18 U.S.C. § 1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. § 2)	Fraud and Related Activity in Connection with Electronic Mail and Aiding and Abetting	2
	18 U.S.C. § 1512(k)(3) 18 U.S.C. § 1512(c)(1)	Obstruction: Destruction of Evidence	6

Çase 3:09-cr-00249-D Document 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 71 of 80 PageID 642

Citation

# **Description of Offense Charged**

Count(s)

18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037 (c)

Forfeiture

Date 1-5-2010

Signature of AUSA:

Criminal Case Caver Slevet -00249-D Document 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 72 of 80 Page ID 643 Page ID 643

Criminal Case Cover Sheet Case 3.09 cr 00249 D Document 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 74 of 80 Page 1D 645

Signature of AUSA:

Date 1-5-2010

Crimi	nal Case Cover Sheet Case 3:09-cr-00249-D Docum	nent 110 Filed 01/05/10 Page 76 of 80 PageID 8evised 3/5	5/98
Uni	TED STATES DISTRICT COURT	Related Case Information	
No	RTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	Superseding Indictment: X Yes No New Defendant: X Yes No	
1.	Defendant Information	Pending CR Case in NDTX: X Yes No If Yes, number: 3:09-CR-249-D	_
	Juvenile: Yes X No	Search Warrant Case Number:	-
	If Yes, Matter to be sealed: Yes X No	R 20 from District of N/A Magistrate Case Number N/A	_
	Defendant Name	DIOVAT REFLE (15)	
	Alias Name	RICKY J. KEELE (15)	
	Address		
	County in which offense was committee	ed: <u>Dallas</u>	
2.	U.S. Attorney Information		
	Candina S. Heath	Bar # 09347450 RECEIVED	
3.	Interpreter	JAN - 5 2010	
	Yes X No If Yes, list lan	nguage and/or dialect:  CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	
4.	Location Status		
	Arrest Date: Issue arrest warrant		
	Already in Federal Custody Already in State Custody On Pretrial Release	_in	
5.	U.S.C. Citations		
	Total # of Counts as to This Defendan	t: 2 Petty Misdemeanor X Felony	
	Citation	Description of Offense Charged Count(s)	
	18 U.S.C. § 1349 (§§1341 and 1343)	Conspiracy to Commit Wire and Mail Fraud  1	
	18 U.S.C. § 1037(a)(2), (b)(2)(C) and 18 U.S.C. § 2)	Fraud and Related Activity in Connection 2 with Electronic Mail and Aiding and Abetting	
	18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c); 18 U.S.C. § 1037 (c)	Forfeiture	
	Date 1-5-2010	Signature of AUSA:	

Signature of AUSA:

Date \-5-2010